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# Final Report

Report Number: SDWH-M202007193-7(E)

# Skin Sensitization Test of 5040TPU Low noise medical cable

According to GB/T 16886.10-2017
Guinea Pig Maximization Test
0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection Extract

Sponsor: Shenzhen YONGQIANGFU Industrial CO.,Ltd

Address: 2Bldg,No.2 Industrial park,Xinwei Village ,Dalang LongHua Town,Shenzhen City

检验检测专用章 (2)


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# Content

# Supplementary Explanation

(1) Please apply for rechecking within 15 days of receiving the report if there are any objections.

(2) Any erasure or without special inspection and testing seal renders the report null and void.

(3) The report is only valid when signed by the persons who edited, checked and approved it.

(4) The results relate only to the articles tested.

(5) The report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the institute.

# Quality Assurance Statement

The Quality Assurance Unit inspected/audited this study in compliance with the following GLP regulations:

Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) Regulation 21 CFR Part 58, U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The laboratory is exempt from the following provisions: 21 CFR Part 58.105 Test and Control Article Characterization, and Part 58.113 Mixtures of Articles with Carriers.

The Quality Assurance Unit conducted inspections on the following dates. The findings were reported to the Study Director and to the Testing Facility Management. The final report was reviewed by the Quality Assurance Unit. The final report accurately describes the test methods in accordance with standard operating procedures, and the results are consistent with raw data of non-clinical studies conducted according to the study protocol.

| Inspections | Date of Inspection | Date Reported to Study Director | Date Reported to Testing Facility Management. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Study Protocol | 2021-01-07 | 2021-01-07 | 2021-02-25 |
| Study Procedure | 2021-01-29<br>2021-02-02 | 2021-01-29<br>2021-02-02 | 2021-02-25 |
| Raw Data | 2021-02-25 | 2021-02-25 | 2021-02-25 |
| Final Report | 2021-02-25 | 2021-02-25 | 2021-02-25 |

Quality Assurance Unit: Xu Qian 2021-02-25

Quality Assurance Date

# GLP Compliance Statement

This study was fully in accordance with the technical requirements of the study protocol.

This study was conducted in compliance with Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) Regulation 21 CFR Part 58, U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

The laboratory is exempt from the following provisions: 21 CFR Part 58.105 Test and Control Article Characterization, and Part 58.113 Mixtures of Articles with Carriers.

# Verification Dates

| | |
|---|---|
| **Test Article Receipt** | 2020-12-24 |
| **Protocol Effective Date** | 2021-01-07 |
| **Technical Initiation Date** | 2021-01-07 |
| **Technical Completion Date** | 2021-02-05 |
| **Final Report Completion Date** | 2021-02-26 |

Edited by: Chenrongrong 2021-02-24
Date

Reviewed by: Zhang Yan 2021-02-26
Study Director Date

Approved by: Fangjingxi 2021-02-26
Authorized Signatory Date

**Sanitation & Environment Technology Institute, Soochow University**

# Summary

## 1 Test Article

| | |
|---|---|
| **Test Article Name** | 5040TPU Low noise medical cable |
| **Manufacturer** | Shenzhen YONGQIANGFU Industrial CO.,Ltd |
| **Address** | 2Bldg,No.2 Industrial park,Xinwei Village ,Dalang LongHua Town,Shenzhen City |
| **Model** | 5040TPU |
| **Lot/Batch** | N/A |

## 2 Main Reference

GB/T 16886.10-2017 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization

## 3 Test Method

Potential skin sensitization of test article was evaluated using guinea pig maximization test in accordance with GB/T 16886.10-2017 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization.
Study protocol number: SDWH-PROTOCOL-GLP-M202007193-3.

## 4 Conclusion

Under the conditions of this study, the test article extract showed no significant evidence of causing skin sensitization in the guinea pig. The positive rate of sensitization was 0%. No evidence of skin sensitization in guinea pigs was found.

# Test Report

## 1 Purpose

The test was designed to evaluate the potential of a test article to cause skin sensitization. The test is used as a procedure for screening of contact allergens in guinea pigs and extrapolating the results to humans, but it does not establish the actual risk of sensitization.

## 2 Reference

GB/T 16886.10-2017 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization
GB/T 16886.12-2017 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 12: Sample preparation and reference materials
GB/T 16886.2-2011 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 2: Animal welfare requirements

## 3 Compliance

Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 21 CFR, Part 58.
ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories (CNAS—CL01 Accreditation criteria for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories) China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE Registration No. CNAS L2954.
RB/T 214—2017 Competence assessment for inspection body and laboratory mandatory approval—General requirements for inspection body and laboratory Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China INSPECTION BODY AND LABORATORY MANDATORY APPROVAL Certificate No. CMA 180015144061.

## 4 Identification of Test and Control Articles

### 4.1 Test Article

| | |
|---|---|
| Test Article Name | 5040TPU Low noise medical cable |
| Manufacturer | Shenzhen YONGQIANGFU Industrial CO.,Ltd |
| Address | 2Bldg,No.2 Industrial park,Xinwei Village ,Dalang LongHua Town,Shenzhen City |
| Test Article Initial State | Non-sterile |
| CAS Number | N/A |
| Model | 5040TPU |
| Size | N/A |
| Lot/Batch | N/A |
| Raw Material | NA |
| Packaging Material | N/A |
| Physical State | Solid |
| Color | Green |
| Density | N/A |
| Stability | NA |
| Solubility | N/A |
| Storage Condition | Room temperature |
| Intended Use | N/A |
| Additional Information | N/A |

The information about the test article was supplied by the sponsor wherever applicable.
The Sponsor is responsible for all test article characterization data as specified in the GLP regulations.

### 4.2 Control Article

#### 4.2.1 Negative Control

Name: 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection (SC)
Manufacturer: Guangxi Yuyuan Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
Size: 500mL
Lot/ Batch#: H20053105
Physical State: Liquid
Color: Colorless
Storage Condition: Room Temperature

#### 4.2.2 Positive Control

Name: 2, 4-Dinitrochlorobenzene (DNCB)
Manufacturer: Chengdu Aikeda Chemical Reagent Co., Ltd.
Size: 100g
Lot/ Batch#: 201904101
Induction Concentration: 0.5%
Challenge Concentration: 0.1%
Solvent: 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection
Date prepared: Intradermal Induction Phase I :2020-11-30; Topical Induction Phase II: 2020-12-07;
Challenge Phase: 2020-12-21
Physical State: Liquid
Color: Light Yellow
Storage Condition: Room Temperature

## 5 Equipment and Reagents

### 5.1 Equipment

| Equipment Name | Equipment Number | Calibration Expire |
|---|---|---|
| Electronic scale | SDWH442 | 2021-04-25 |
| Horizontal Large Capacity Constant Temperature Vibrator | SDWH2671 | 2021-12-23 |
| Steel straight scale | SDWH463 | 2021-07-06 |
| Vertical pressure steam sterilizer | SDWH2097 | 2021-03-25 |

### 5.2 Reagents

| Reagent Name | Manufacturer | LOT |
|---|---|---|
| Freund's adjuvant, complete liquid | SIGMA | SLCC6223 |
| Sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) | Ron reagent | RH178474 |

## 6 Identification of Test System

Species: Hartley guinea pig (Cavia Porcellus)
Number: 15 (10 test +5 negative control)
Sex: Male
Initial body weight: 300 ~ 500 g
Health status: healthy, not previously used in other experimental procedures
Housing: animals were housed in groups in cages identified by a card indicating the lab number,

test code and first treatment date, etc.
Animal identification: Stain with dyeing liquid
Cages: plastic cage
Acclimation period: 7 days under the same conditions as for the actual test

# 7 Animal Care and Maintenance

Animal source: Suzhou Experimental Animal Sci-Tech Co., Ltd. <Permit Code: SCXK (SU) 2020-0007>
Bedding: corncob, Suzhou Shuangshi Laboratory Animal Feed Science Co., Ltd.
Feed: guinea pig diet, Suzhou Experimental Animal Sci-Tech Co., Ltd.
Water: drinking water met the Standards for Drinking Water Quality GB 5749–2006
Animal room temperature: 18 ~ 26 ℃
Animal room relative humidity: 30% ~ 70%
Lights: 12 h light/dark cycle, full-spectrum lighting
Personnel: associates involved were appropriately qualified and trained
Selection: only healthy, previously unused animals were selected
There were no known contaminants present in the feed, water, or bedding expected to interfere with the test data.

# 8 Justification of Test System and Route of Administration

The albino guinea pig has been used historically for sensitization studies (Magnusson and Kligman, 1970). The guinea pig is believed to be the most sensitive animal model for this type of study. The susceptibility of the guinea pig to a known sensitizing agent, 2,4-dinitrochlorobenzene (DNCB) has been substantiated at SDWH (listed in **Table 1** and **Table 2**).
The test article was extracted and administered in vivo through a medium compatible with the test system. Dermal application corresponds to the likely route of human exposure.

# 9 Experimental Design

## 9.1 Preparation of Extracts

### 9.1.1 Pretreatment

No pretreatment required.

### 9.1.2 Extraction

Under aseptic conditions, samples were taken according to the sampling method (Randomly take the cable jacket only for test). The extraction was performed with agitation in closed inert containers according to the extraction ratio listed in the following table (sample: extraction vehicle). The extraction vehicle was 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection (SC).

| Test Period | Actual Sampling | Extract Procedure | | | Final Extract |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Extract Ratio | SC | Condition | |
| Intradermal Induction Phase I | Surface area 30 $cm^2$ | 3 $cm^2$ : 1 mL | 10.0 mL | 50°C, 72 h | Clear |
| Topical Induction Phase II | Surface area 30 $cm^2$ | 3 $cm^2$ : 1 mL | 10.0 mL | 50°C, 72 h | Clear |
| Challenge Phase | Surface area 30 $cm^2$ | 3 $cm^2$ : 1 mL | 10.0 mL | 50°C, 72 h | Clear |

The state of the extract did not change after extraction. The extract was stored at room temperature, and tested within 24 h, without the process of adjusting its pH value, filtering, centrifuging, diluting, etc.
The vehicle (without the test article) was similarly prepared to serve as the control.

## 9.2 Experimental Procedure

### 9.2.1 Animal Preparation and Grouping

On the first day of treatment, 15 guinea pigs were weighed and identified. The fur from the dorsoscapular area of the animals was removed with an electric clipper. Grouping as follow:

| Group Name | Group Size | Gender |
|---|---|---|
| Test | 10 animals | Male |
| Negative Control | 5 animals | Male |

### 9.2.2 Intradermal Induction Phase I

A pair of 0.1 mL intradermal injections was made for each of the following, into each animal, at the injection sites (A, B and C) as shown in Figure 1 in the clipped intrascapular region.

Site A: A 50:50 (*V*/*V*) stable emulsion of Freund's complete adjuvant mixed with the chosen solvent.

Site B: the test sample (undiluted extract); the control animals were injected with the solvent alone.

Site C: the test sample at the concentration used at site B, emulsified in a 50:50 (*V*/*V*) stable emulsion of Freund's complete adjuvant and the solvent (50%); the control animals were injected with an emulsion of the blank liquid with adjuvant.

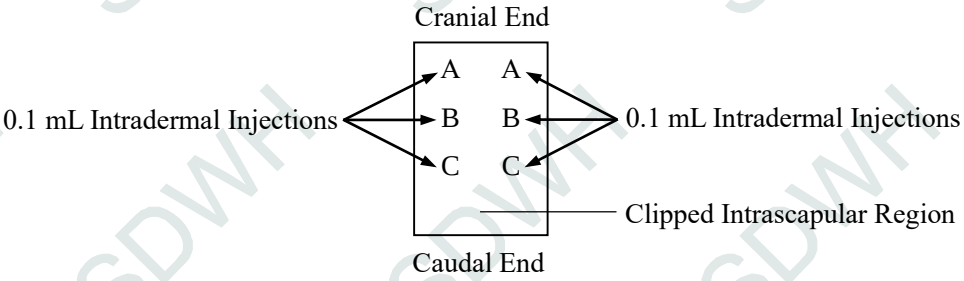


**Figure 1** Locations of intradermal injection sites

### 9.2.3 Topical Induction Phase II

The maximum concentration that can be achieved in Intradermal induction phase I did not produce irritation. Animals are pretreated with 10% sodium dodecyl sulfate (Solvent: Distilled water, Date prepared: 2020-09-17) (24 ± 2) h before the topical induction application.

At 7 ± 1 d after completion of the intradermal induction phase, administer 0.5 mL test article extract by topical application to the intrascapular region of each animal, using a patch of area approximately 8 $cm^2$ (absorbent gauze), so as to cover the intradermal injection sites. Secure the patches with an occlusive dressing. Remove the dressings and patches after (48 ± 2) h.

Treat the control animals similarly, using the blank liquid alone.

### 9.2.4 Challenge Phase

At 14± 1 d after completion of the topical induction phase, challenge all test and control animals with the test sample. Administer 0.5ml test article extract and control article by topical application to sites that were not treated during the induction stage, using absorbent gauze (8 $cm^2$) soaked in the test article extract and control article. Secure with an occlusive dressing. Remove the dressings and patches after (24±2) h.

## 9.3 Observation of Animals

Observe the appearance of the challenge skin sites of the test and control animals (24 ± 2) h and (48 ± 2) h after removal of the dressings. Full-spectrum lighting was used to visualize the skin reactions. Describe and grade the skin reactions for erythema and oedema according to the Magnusson and Kligman grading given in the following table for each challenge site and at each

time interval.

**Magnusson and Kligman scale**

| Patch Test Reaction | Grading Scale |
|---|---|
| No visible change | 0 |
| Discrete or patchy erythema | 1 |
| Moderate and confluent erythema | 2 |
| Intense erythema and/or swelling | 3 |

### 9.4 Evaluation of Results

Magnusson and Kligman grades of 1 or greater in the test group generally indicate sensitization, provided grades of less than 1 are seen in control animals.
If grades of 1 or greater are noted in control animals, then the reactions of test animals which exceed the most severe reaction in control animals are presumed to be due to sensitization.
If the response is equivocal, rechallenge is recommended to confirm the results from the first challenge.
The outcome of the test is presented as the frequency of positive challenge results in test and control animals.

## 10 Results

The results of skin reaction after challenge were listed in **Table 3**. No skin sensitization reaction was found in the skin of guinea pigs using extracts of the test article, and the positive rate of sensitization was 0%.
The positive rate of sensitization in the positive control group was 100%, listed in **Table 1**.
Clinical observations and weight changes of guinea pigs were listed in **Table 4.**

## 11 Conclusion

Under the conditions of this study, the test article extract showed no significant evidence of causing skin sensitization in the guinea pig.

## 12 Record Storage

All raw data pertaining to this study and a copy of the final report are to be retained in designated SDWH archive.

## 13 Confidentiality Agreement

Statements of confidentiality were as agreed upon prior to study initiation.

## 14 Deviation Statement

There were no deviations from the approved study protocol which were judged to have any impact on the validity of the data.

# Annex 1 Test Data

**Table 1** Guinea pig sensitization dermal reactions of positive control

| Group | Animal Number | (24 ± 2) h Before Phase II Patch Application | | (24 ± 2) h Following Challenge Phase | | (48 ± 2) h Following Challenge Phase | | Positive Rate after Challenge Phase |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Left | Right | Test Sites | Control Sites | Test Sites | Control Sites | |
| Positive Control | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 100% |
| | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | |
| | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | |
| | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| Negative Control | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

Note: the data of positive control come from SDWH- M202006469-1 (Completed Date: 2020-12-25)

**Table 2** Weigh change and clinical observation of positive control

| Group | Animal Number | Weight (g) | | Clinical Observation Except Dermal Reactions |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Before Injection | After Experiment | |
| Positive Control | 1 | 325 | 399 | Normal |
| | 2 | 318 | 388 | Normal |
| | 3 | 329 | 393 | Normal |
| | 4 | 330 | 402 | Normal |
| | 5 | 318 | 393 | Normal |
| Negative Control | 6 | 323 | 397 | Normal |
| | 7 | 327 | 389 | Normal |
| | 8 | 324 | 391 | Normal |
| | 9 | 331 | 411 | Normal |
| | 10 | 319 | 395 | Normal |

Note: the data of positive control come from SDWH- M202006469-1 (Completed Date: 2020-12-25)

**Table 3** Guinea pig sensitization dermal reactions

| Group | Animal Number | (24 ± 2) h Before Phase II Patch Application | | (24 ± 2) h Following Challenge Phase | | (48 ± 2) h Following Challenge Phase | | Positive Rate after Challenge Phase |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Left | Right | Test Sites | Control Sites | Test Sites | Control Sites | |
| Test | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Negative Control | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
| | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

**Table 4** Weigh change and clinical observation

| Group | Animal Number | Weight (g) | | Clinical Observation Except Dermal Reactions |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Before Injection | After Experiment | |
| Test | 1 | 305 | 373 | Normal |
| | 2 | 338 | 416 | Normal |
| | 3 | 311 | 377 | Normal |
| | 4 | 322 | 388 | Normal |
| | 5 | 334 | 407 | Normal |
| | 6 | 342 | 428 | Normal |
| | 7 | 353 | 435 | Normal |
| | 8 | 303 | 362 | Normal |
| | 9 | 334 | 414 | Normal |
| | 10 | 312 | 379 | Normal |
| Negative Control | 11 | 303 | 364 | Normal |
| | 12 | 348 | 437 | Normal |
| | 13 | 309 | 373 | Normal |
| | 14 | 309 | 379 | Normal |
| | 15 | 332 | 406 | Normal |

# Annex 2 Photograph of Test Article

# Annex 3 Information Provided by Sponsor

## 1 Production Process

Not supplied by sponsor.

## 2 Other Information

Not supplied by sponsor.

End of Report